Sustainable Aviation in the United States

Presented to: JITI Seminar on Sustainable Aviation

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Date: 18 October 2012



U.S. Goals





- Carbon-neutral growth by 2020 using 2005 baseline
 - 2010 ICAO Assembly Resolution aimed for aspirational goal of carbon-neutral growth by 2020 using 2020 baseline
- Aspirational goal of fuel efficiency improvements of 2 percent per year
 - Consistent with commitments in the 2010 ICAO Assembly Resolution
- Target to use 1 billion gallons of alternative fuels a year starting in 2018

FAA Approach

- Aircraft & Engine Technology Improvement
- Operational Improvements
- Alternative Fuels Development & Deployment
- Polices, Standards, and Measures
- Scientific Understanding & Modeling/Analysis



UNITED STATES

Aviation Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Aircraft Technologies

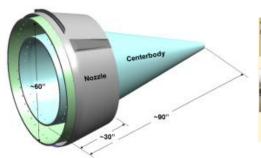


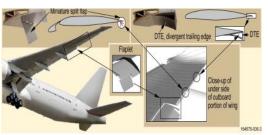
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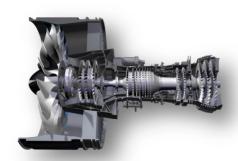
Continuous Lower Energy, Emissions and Noise



- 5 year effort to accelerate technology development and commercialization with 50 percent cost share
 - FAA budget: US\$125 million
 - Industry budget: US\$125 million+
- Mixed portfolio of technologies
 - Engine: GE, Honeywell, Pratt & Whitney, Rolls-Royce
 - Aircraft: Boeing
 - Alternative Fuels: Boeing, Honeywell, Rolls-Royce







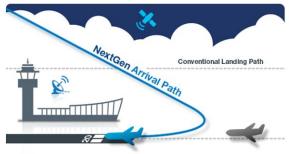




NextGen

- The Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen) drives many FAA efforts
- Integrated set of systems, technologies and policies to make U.S. aviation safer, reduce delays, reduce energy use, and mitigate impact on the environment







ASPIRE



- Japan (JCAB) is current chair
- Demonstrated improvements in fuel burn through air traffic management best practices, such as:
 - Dynamic Airborne Reroute Procedures
 - User Preferred Route Expansion
 - Continuous Descent Approach, Tailored Arrivals, etc.















Alternative Fuels



Commercial Aviation Alternative Fuels Initiative

 Public-Private coalition for commercial aviation to engage emerging alternative fuels industry

Goals

- Drop-in capable
- Comparable cost to petroleum fuels
- Environmental improvement



Enables diverse stakeholders to:

- Share and collect data and identify resources
- Direct research, development, and deployment of alternative jet fuels



Policies, Standards and Measures



GREENING U.S. AVIATION

Policy, Standards and Measures

ICAO



 U.S. experts engaged in ongoing work at ICAO on market-based measures

Voluntary Airport Low Emission Program

 National program to reduce all sources of airport ground emissions



- Chicago O'Hare Gate Power
 - Gate electrification and preconditioned air units for six gates



- Albuquerque International Alternative Fuel
 - Solar power system on six parking garage rooftops

Science & Decision-making



Moving Forward

- The ICAO 2010 Assembly Resolution provides the basis for addressing aviation CO₂ emissions
- The international aviation community must continue to make progress mitigating aviation's contribution to global CO₂ emissions
- The EU ETS continues to be a distraction as it undermines global efforts; we need a multilateral approach through ICAO
- The U.S. government and aviation industry are committed to working with partners around the world to help reduce aviation's carbon footprint in the future